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The Law Societies in Canada implement practices which regulate legal professionals for the benefit of public interest. This is implemented on the basis of development of minimal standards in quality of education and learning, ensuring professional competence and laying rules with respect to code of professional conduct.

If you as an individual or institution are in the need of any kind of legal help, it is important for you to understand the profession so that you are able to approach and hire the services of the appropriate legal professional.

Lawyers versus Paralegals

Quintessentially, Lawyers are licensed professionals who can provide legal advice with respect to all Canadian and local laws. On the other hand, paralegals are in the position to provide legal expertise only on certain laws. While some legal situations give you the leeway of selecting either a paralegal or a lawyer for help; in other situations you must avail the services of a lawyer only. Most of the times, you may also have the option to represent yourself.

The Professional Qualifications of Lawyers in Canada

The academic and professional qualifications of a Lawyer in Canada consist of “

1. An undergraduate Bachelor of Laws (LL.B) degree, a Juris Doctor (J.D) degree or any degree that is equivalent.
2. After achieving an under-graduate degree, one has to successfully complete the licensing process at the Law Society which consists of the Licensing Exams, the Articling Program and the completion of an online based professional responsibility and practice program.

Situations in which you may need Legal Help “

There are a number of situations that you may come across as an individual or a part of an institution where you may need to avail the services of a Lawyer-

1. You may need the help of a lawyer for family matters, divorce proceedings, matters of separation and child custody.
2. For criminal matters and civil litigation at all levels of court.
3. Matters pertaining to buying, selling and leasing personal or commercial property and other matters related to real estate.
4. Administrative and corporate legal matters which require regular appearances before the tribunals.
5. Creation of wills, power of attorney and other matters of the estate.

Qualifications of a Paralegal

To become a qualified paralegal in Canada, you need to complete the approved legal services program from any major city or university in Canada. It also requires the successful completion of the Paralegal Licensing process and examinations at the Law Society.

Paralegal Experts can offer their services only for specific legal needs –

1. Representation in the Traffic court for Charges under the Provincial Offences Act.
2. Small Claims Court
3. Landlord and Tenant Boards,
4. As the services of an ICBC claims lawyer in Vancouver and all across Canada for the purpose of settling cases pertaining to personal injuries, workplace safety and insurance purposes.
5. For Minor criminal charges under the Criminal Code

It is important for individuals and institutions to also go through the codes pertaining to exceptions in paralegal and legal practice to get a clearer picture of the type of legal help one must seek for their specific circumstance.

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As a [Icbc Claims Lawyer Vancouver](#) we represent you – victims who have suffered injuries due to the negligence or intentional conduct of others.

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